

Sei Stato Tu

Bolognese dialect

Interrogative Ói < Latin: *hoc illud (est) “quello (è)” Ít stè té? - Ói. = Sei stato tu? - Sì. T an arè mégga magnè tòtti àl tajadèl? - Ói. = Non avrai mica - Bolognese (native name: bulgnai? [bu??ai?z]) is a dialect of Emilian spoken in the most part in the city of Bologna and its hinterland (except east of the Sillaro stream), but also in the district of Castelfranco Emilia in the province of Modena, and in the towns of Sambuca Pistoiese (Tuscany), Cento, Sant'Agostino, and Poggio Renatico (province of Ferrara).

O forse sei tu

“O forse sei tu” (Italian pronunciation: [o (f)?forse ?s?i ?tu]; transl. “Or maybe it is you”) is a song by Italian singer-songwriter Elisa. Written by - "O forse sei tu" (Italian pronunciation: [o (f)?forse ?s?i ?tu]; transl. "Or maybe it is you") is a song by Italian singer-songwriter Elisa. Written by Elisa Toffoli and Davide Petrella, the song was released by Universal Music and Island Records on February 3, 2022 as Elisa's entry for the Sanremo Music Festival 2022. "O forse sei tu" is produced by Andrea Rigonat. It serves also as the second single from Elisa's eleventh studio album, Ritorno al futuro/Back to the Future. Musically, "O forse sei tu" is a pop ballad.

Giulio Rosati directed the music video for "O forse sei tu", which shows Elisa in a forest during a sunset. Photography took place primarily in Livorno in Tuscany.

"O forse sei tu" won the "Giancarlo Bigazzi" Award for the best musical composition and ranked second overall at the Sanremo Music Festival 2022. It also entered on Italian charts from 14th place, peaked in 4th place in the second week following its release and was the second most streamed song on Spotify in Italy on the day of its release.

Al Bano and Romina Power

Romina released yet one more album in 1982, Che angelo sei, with another big hit “Tu, soltanto tu (Mi hai fatto innamorare)”. Their 1983 compilation Amore - Al Bano and Romina Power are an Italian-American pop music duo formed in 1975 by then-married couple Italian tenor Albano Carrisi and American singer Romina Power, the daughter of Hollywood actor Tyrone Power. They have recorded over 22 albums, which have sold 150 million copies across six decades. Their best known international hits include "Felicità", "Sharazan", "Tu, soltanto tu (Mi hai fatto innamorare)", "Ci sarà", "Sempre sempre", and "Libertà!". They participated twice in the Eurovision Song Contest in 1976 and 1985 and performed five times at the Sanremo Music Festival, winning in 1984 with the song "Ci sarà". The couple also shot seven films, based on their songs, between 1967 and 1984. The two separated in 1999 and divorced in 2012, but reunited professionally in 2013.

Adriano Celentano discography

situazione non è buona” 2008: “Dormi amore” 2008: “Fiori” 2008: “Aria...non-sei più tu” 2008: “Sognando Chernobyl” 2008: “La cura” 2011: “Non ti accorgevi di - The following is the discography of Italian singer and actor Adriano Celentano.

Stato libero di Litfiba

4:00 "Cuore Di Vetro"; – 4:44 "Gioconda"; – 6:21 "Ritmo 2 #"; – 5:36 "Ci Sei Solo Tu"; – 5:14 "Maudit"; – 5:05 "Dimmi Il Nome"; – 3:50 "El diablo"; – 5:58 "Lacio - Stato libero di Litfiba (Italian: Free State of Litfiba) is a 2010 double live album by the Italian rock band Litfiba. The album marks the return of lead singer Piero Pelù to the band, which he had left in 1999.

The album was recorded in two dates, on 16 and 17 April, in Florence, during the 2010 reunion tour. It also contains two previously unreleased tracks: "Sole nero" and "Barcollo", both released as singles.

Stato libero di Litfiba was welcomed with great favour by the audience and has been certified platinum in Italy.

Gigi D'Alessio

(ITA No. 3) Noi due (2019) Buongiorno (2020) Sei come sei (2009) (Platinum – 95,000+) Semplicemente sei (2010) (Platinum – 95,000+) Buona vita (2003) - Luigi "Gigi" D'Alessio (born 24 February 1967) is an Italian popular singer and singer-songwriter from Naples. In his career, he has sold over 30 million records.

Anna Sarfatti

nella collana Oscar dove sei?, EDT Giralangolo Viva la scuola alè alè, Giunti 2008 Quante tante donne, Mondadori 2008 Sei Stato tu? La Costituzione attraverso - Anna Sarfatti (born 1950) is an Italian writer of children's books.

Pino D'Angiò

– L'HO CONOSCIUTA 2020 – IL DOMATORE 2020 – CANZONE LENTA 2020 – CHI E' STATO 2022 – Non dormo mai (feat. Bobby Soul) 2022 – Funky Jump (feat. Bobby Soul - Giuseppe Chierchia (IPA: [dʰuʔzʔppe ʔkjʔrkja]; 14 August 1952 – 6 July 2024), known professionally as Pino D'Angiò (IPA: [ˈpiːno danˈdʰʲ]), was an Italian singer-songwriter. He was best known for his 1980 hit Italo disco song, "Ma quale idea".

Romance copula

deriving from svm (which in Latin had no supine). Examples: Italian has stato as the past participle of not only stare but also essere, instead of the - In some of the Romance languages the copula, the equivalent of the verb to be in English, is relatively complex compared to its counterparts in other languages. A copula is a word that links the subject of a sentence with a predicate (a subject complement). Whereas English has one main copula verb (and some languages like Russian mostly express the copula implicitly) some Romance languages have more complex forms.

Italian, Portuguese, Spanish, and some other Romance languages have more than one copula verb. Conversely, French and certain others have only one. The development of copula verbs in Romance languages is explained by the fact that these are ultimately derived from three Latin verbs:

esse "to be" (ultimately from Proto-Indo-European *h₃es-, as in English is). The verb esse was an irregular, suppletive verb, with some of its forms (e.g. fu? "I was/I have been") taken from the Proto-Indo-European root *b_huH- meaning "to become" (as in English be).

stare "to stand" or "to stay" (ultimately from Proto-Indo-European *steh₂-, as in English stand and German stehen).

sed?re "to sit" (ultimately from Proto-Indo-European *sed-, as in English sit).

As the Romance languages developed over time, the three separate Latin verbs became just one or two verbs in the Romance languages.

The reduction of three separate verbs into just one or two appears to have occurred as follows:

The irregular infinitive esse was remodeled into *essere.

*essere and sed?re forms sounded similar in Latin once the latter reduced to *se?re, and sounded even more similar after stress shifted in Spanish infinitives to the penultimate vowel. As a result, parts of the conjugations of erstwhile sed?re were subject to being integrated into conjugation paradigms associated with *essere, eventually ser.

st?re itself remained a separate verb, but st?re (later *ist?re) and *essere were similar in some meanings, so that, especially in the Western Romance languages, st?re evolved into a second copula, with a meaning of "to be (temporarily or incidentally)"; *essere was then narrowed to mean "to be (permanently or essentially)".

The development of two copular verbs in this manner occurred most completely in Spanish, Portuguese and Catalan. In other languages, most usages of English "to be" are still translated by *essere:

In Italian, the infinitive essere continues Latin esse as existential 'to be', while stare has the primary meaning "to stay" and is used as a copula only in a few situations: to express one's state of physical health (sto bene "I am well"); to form progressive aspects (sto parlando "I am speaking"); and (especially in the south of Italy) with the meaning of "to be located", although a distinction can be expressed in most varieties of Italian: è in cucina 'it's in the kitchen (where it usually is)' versus sta in cucina 'it's in the kitchen (where it isn't usually located)'.

In Old French, the verb ester < st?re maintained the Proto-Romance meaning of "to stand, stay, stop". In modern French, this verb has almost totally disappeared (see below for the one exception), although the derivative verb of rester ("to remain") exists, and some parts of the conjugation of ester have become incorporated into être "to be" < *essere. As a result of this complex evolution, even though French has a single verb for "to be" (être), its conjugation is highly irregular.

Massimiliano Pani

- Da cosa nasce cosa (film directed by Andrea Manni) 2000 - Sei forte maestro 2001 - Sei forte maestro 1998 - 2008 - Vivere (soap opera on Channel 5) - Massimiliano Pani is an Italian songwriter, producer and composer born on 18 April 1963 in Milan to parents Corrado Pani and Mina. Corrado Pani was married at the time and due to Mina's refusal to hide the relationship, the singer was banned from performing on public Italian television or radio channels. Within a year, her affair with Corrado ended.

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